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- (1) Where the operator collects the name or online contact information of a parent or child to be used for the sole purpose of obtaining parental consent or providing notice under §312.4. If the operator has not obtained parental consent after a reasonable time from the date of the information collection, the operator must delete such information from its records;
- (2) Where the operator collects online contact information from a child for the sole purpose of responding directly on a one-time basis to a specific request from the child, and where such information is not used to recontact the child and is deleted by the operator from its records:
- (3) Where the operator collects online contact information from a child to be used to respond directly more than once to a specific request from the child, and where such information is not used for any other purpose. In such cases, the operator must make reasonable efforts, taking into consideration available technology, to ensure that a parent receives notice and has the opportunity to request that the operator make no further use of the information, as described in §312.4(c), immediately after the initial response and before making any additional response to the child. Mechanisms to provide such notice include, but are not limited to, sending the notice by postal mail or sending the notice to the parent's email address, but do not include asking a child to print a notice form or sending an e-mail to the child:
- (4) Where the operator collects a child's name and online contact information to the extent reasonably necessary to protect the safety of a child participant on the website or online service, and the operator uses reasonable efforts to provide a parent notice as described in §312.4(c), where such information is:
- (i) Used for the sole purpose of protecting the child's safety;
- (ii) Not used to recontact the child or for any other purpose;
- (iii) Not disclosed on the website or online service; and
- (5) Where the operator collects a child's name and online contact information and such information is not

- used for any other purpose, to the extent reasonably necessary:
- (i) To protect the security or integrity of its website or online service;
- (ii) To take precautions against liability;
- (iii) To respond to judicial process; or
- (iv) To the extent permitted under other provisions of law, to provide information to law enforcement agencies or for an investigation on a matter related to public safety.
- [64 FR 59911, Nov. 3, 1999, as amended at 67 FR 18821, Apr. 17, 2002; 70 FR 21106, Apr. 22, 2005]

§ 312.6 Right of parent to review personal information provided by a

- (a) Upon request of a parent whose child has provided personal information to a website or online service, the operator of that website or online service is required to provide to that parent the following:
- (1) A description of the specific types or categories of personal information collected from children by the operator, such as name, address, telephone number, e-mail address, hobbies, and extracurricular activities;
- (2) The opportunity at any time to refuse to permit the operator's further use or future online collection of personal information from that child, and to direct the operator to delete the child's personal information; and
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a means of reviewing any personal information collected from the child. The means employed by the operator to carry out this provision must:
- (i) Ensure that the requestor is a parent of that child, taking into account available technology; and
- (ii) Not be unduly burdensome to the parent.
- (b) Neither an operator nor the operator's agent shall be held liable under any Federal or State law for any disclosure made in good faith and following reasonable procedures in responding to a request for disclosure of personal information under this section.
- (c) Subject to the limitations set forth in §312.7, an operator may terminate any service provided to a child

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whose parent has refused, under paragraph (a)(2) of this section, to permit the operator's further use or collection of personal information from his or her child or has directed the operator to delete the child's personal information.

§ 312.7 Prohibition against conditioning a child's participation on collection of personal information.

An operator is prohibited from conditioning a child's participation in a game, the offering of a prize, or another activity on the child's disclosing more personal information than is reasonably necessary to participate in such activity.

§312.8 Confidentiality, security, and integrity of personal information collected from children.

The operator must establish and maintain reasonable procedures to protect the confidentiality, security, and integrity of personal information collected from children.

§312.9 Enforcement.

Subject to sections 6503 and 6505 of the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act of 1998, a violation of a regulation prescribed under section 6502 (a) of this Act shall be treated as a violation of a rule defining an unfair or deceptive act or practice prescribed under section 18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57a(a)(1)(B)).

§312.10 Safe harbors.

- (a) In general. An operator will be deemed to be in compliance with the requirements of this part if that operator complies with self-regulatory guidelines, issued by representatives of the marketing or online industries, or by other persons, that, after notice and comment, are approved by the Commission.
- (b) Criteria for approval of self-regulatory guidelines. To be approved by the Commission, guidelines must include the following:
- (1) A requirement that operators subject to the guidelines ("subject operators") implement substantially similar requirements that provide the same or greater protections for children as those contained in §§312.2 through 312.9:

- (2) An effective, mandatory mechanism for the independent assessment of subject operators' compliance with the guidelines. This performance standard may be satisfied by:
- (i) Periodic reviews of subject operators' information practices conducted on a random basis either by the industry group promulgating the guidelines or by an independent entity;
- (ii) Periodic reviews of all subject operators' information practices, conducted either by the industry group promulgating the guidelines or by an independent entity;
- (iii) Seeding of subject operators' databases, if accompanied by either paragraphs (b)(2)(i) or (b)(2)(ii) of this section; or
- (iv) Any other equally effective independent assessment mechanism; and
- (3) Effective incentives for subject operators' compliance with the guidelines. This performance standard may be satisfied by:
- (i) Mandatory, public reporting of disciplinary action taken against subject operators by the industry group promulgating the guidelines;
 - (ii) Consumer redress;
- (iii) Voluntary payments to the United States Treasury in connection with an industry-directed program for violators of the guidelines:
- (iv) Referral to the Commission of operators who engage in a pattern or practice of violating the guidelines; or
- (v) Any other equally effective incentive.
- (4) The assessment mechanism required under paragraph (b)(2) of this section can be provided by an independent enforcement program, such as a seal program. In considering whether to initiate an investigation or to bring an enforcement action for violations of this part, and in considering appropriate remedies for such violations, the Commission will take into account whether an operator has been subject to self-regulatory guidelines approved under this section and whether the operator has taken remedial action pursuant to such guidelines, including but not limited to actions set forth in paragraphs (b)(3)(i) through (iii) of this section.
- (c) Request for Commission approval of self-regulatory guidelines. (1) To obtain